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Independent Auditor's Report To The Members Of Al-Haq Securities (Private) Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Al-Haq Securities (Private) Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon

Management is responsible for the other information presented along with the financial statements and the auditors' report thereon. With respect to the Company the other information comprises only the Director's Report on the operations of the Company.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained upto the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The Engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Osman Hameed Chaudhri.

LAHORE; 30 SEP 2021

Shinewing Hamed annului & Co.,
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

AL-HAQ SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| Assets | Note | Rupe | es |
| Non current assets | | | |
| Operating fixed assets | 4 | 414,173 | 397,837 |
| Intangible assets | 5 | 9,600,000 | 9,600,000 |
| Long term investment | 6 | 19,673,057 | 19,082,274 |
| Security deposits | 7 | 2,150,000 | 2,150,000 |
| | | 31,837,230 | 31,230,111 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Short term investments | 8 | 4,383,323 | 3,906,918 |
| Due from clients | 9 | 23,520,093 | 9,918,734 |
| Advances and other receivables | 10 | 475,850 | 655,200 |
| Tax deducted at source | | 7,818,459 | 7,435,339 |
| Exposure deposit | | 24,400,000 | 12,400,000 |
| Cash and bank balances | 11 | 49,788,165 | 98,649,700 |
| | | 110,385,890 | 132,965,891 |
| Total Assets | | 142,223,120 | 164,196,002 |
| Equity and Liabilities Share Capital and Reserves | | | |
| Authorised capital 1000,000 ordinary shares of Rs.100 each | | 100,000,000 | 100,000,000 |
| Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 608,410 ordinary shares of Rs.100 each Unrealised gain on remeasurement of | | 60,841,000 | 60,841,000 |
| investment at fair value through | | 4,785,338 | 4,194,555 |
| other comprehensive income | | 3,810,828 | 942,934 |
| Revenue reserves - unappropriated profit | Sa . | | |
| | | 69,437,166 | 65,978,489 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 12 | 61,770,682 | 98,080,101 |
| Short term finance | 13 | 10,323,232 | - |
| Accrued mark-up | | 425,967 | 13,716 |
| Taxation | 14 | 266,073 | 123,696 |
| | 4.5 | 72,785,954 | 98,217,513 |
| Contingencies and commitments | 15 | | |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | | 142,223,120 | 164,196,002 |
| The anneyed notes form an integral part of these | financial sta | tements | |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer



AL-HAQ SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS & OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

| | N 1 4 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| # ** | Note | Rupe | es |
| Operating revenue | 16 | 12,621,996 | 5,987,635 |
| Gain / (loss) on sale of short term investments - net | | 818,097 | (111,772) |
| Fair value gain on remeasurement of investments through profit or loss | | 841,064 | 240,203 |
| Other income | 17 | 3,685,158 | 6,081,092 |
| | - | 17,966,315 | 12,197,158 |
| Administrative and operating expenses | 18 | (13,283,847) | (10,697,791) |
| Financial charges | 19 | (1,379,840) | (588,703) |
| Profit before taxation | - | 3,302,628 | 910,664 |
| Taxation | | | |
| - current | | (266,073) | (123,696) |
| - prior year | | (168,661) | 2,132,938 |
| | 14 | (434,734) | 2,009,242 |
| Profit after taxation | - | 2,867,894 | 2,919,906 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit or loss | | | |
| Unrealised gain / (loss) on remeasurement of investment at fair value through other comprehensive income | i. | 590,783 | (75,959) |
| Total Comprehensive income | - | 3,458,677 | 2,843,947 |
| Total Completionsive income | | | 2,010,047 |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

SHC

AL-HAQ SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| | Rupe | es |
| Cash flow from operating activities | | |
| Profit before taxation | 3,302,628 | 910,664 |
| Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: | | |
| Depreciation | 67,435 | 70,083 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | 262,611 | 529,985 |
| Dividend income | (674,345) | (824,641) |
| Finance cost | 1,287,857 | 508,248 |
| Fair value gain on remeasurement of | (0.44,004) | (240, 202) |
| investments through profit or loss | (841,064) | (240,203) |
| Profit before working capital changes | 3,405,122 | 954,136 |
| Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes | | |
| Decrease / (increase) in current assets: | 004.050 | 140,000 |
| Short term investments | 364,659 | 440,832 |
| Due from clients | (13,863,970) | 3,625,212 |
| Advances, prepayments and other receivables | 179,350 | 187,055 |
| Exposure deposit | (12,000,000) | (1,000,000) |
| (Decrease) / increase in current liabilities: | (00 545 400) | 70 704 000 |
| Trade creditors | (36,545,468) | 79,761,880 |
| Accrued and other liabilities | 236,049 | (31,823) |
| | (61,629,380) | 82,983,156 |
| Cash (used in) / generated from operations | (58,224,258) | 83,937,292 |
| Security deposits | = | 100,000 |
| Income tax paid | (675,477) | (889,735) |
| Net cash (used in) / generated from operations | (58,899,735) | 83,147,557 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | |
| Fixed capital expenditure | (83,771) | (2,800) |
| Dividend received | 674,345 | 824,641 |
| Net cash generated from investing activities | 590,574 | 821,841 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | |
| Short term finance - net | 10,323,232 | (8,200,000) |
| Finance cost paid | (875,606) | (1,161,861) |
| Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities | 9,447,626 | (9,361,861) |
| Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents | (48,861,535) | 74,607,537 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - at beginning of the year | 98,649,700 | 24,042,163 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - at end of the year | 49,788,165 | 98,649,700 |
| The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statemer | | 0 |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer



AL-HAQ SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

| | | Rese | rves | |
|---|------------------|--|--|------------|
| • | | Revenue | Capital | |
| | Share capital | Unappr- opriated profit / (accumulated loss) | Remeasure- ment gain on investments at FVTOCI | Total |
| | | Rup | ees | |
| Balance as at July 01, 2019 | 60,841,000 | (1,976,972) | 4,270,514 | 63,134,542 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year ended June 30, 2020 | | | | |
| Loss for the year | - | 2,919,906 | | 2,919,906 |
| Other comprehensive loss | - | _ | (75,959) | (75,959) |
| | - | 2,919,906 | (75,959) | 2,843,947 |
| Balance as at June 30, 2020 | 60,841,000 | 942,934 | 4,194,555 | 65,978,489 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2021 | | | | |
| Profit for the year | - | 2,867,894 | - | 2,867,894 |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | 590,783 | 590,783 |
| | - | 2,867,894 | 590,783 | 3,458,677 |
| Balance as at June 30, 2021 | 60,841,000 | 3,810,828 | 4,785,338 | 69,437,166 |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

SHC

AL-HAQ SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

Al-Haq Securities (Private) Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a Private Company Limited by shares under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) on May 25, 2006. The Company is a Trading Right Entitlement Certificate holder of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Company is principally engaged in shares brokerage & trading business. The registered office of the Company is situated at Room No.405/407, LSE Building, Lahore.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investments, which are carried at fair value.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is the functional currency of the Company and figures are rounded off to the nearest rupees unless otherwise stated.

2.4 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

2.4.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective and relevant

Certain standards, amendments and interpretations to IFRSs are effective for accounting periods beginning on July 01, 2020 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's operations (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events) and are, therefore, not detailed in these financial statements, except for the following:

IAS 1 & IAS 8 Definition of material

Amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' and IAS 8, 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors' are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2020. The amendments are intended to make the definition of material in IAS 1 easier to understand and are not intended to alter the underlying concept of materiality in IFRSs. In addition, the IASB has also issued guidance on how to make materiality judgments when preparing their general purpose financial statements in accordance with IFRSs. The amendments do not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

2.4.2 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

There are certain standards, amendments to the IFRSs and interpretations that are mandatory for companies having accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2021 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these financial statements.

2.5 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

- (i) Estimate of useful lives and residual values of depreciable assets and provision for impairment there against [note 3.1];
- (ii) Classification and valuation of investments [note 3.3];
- (iii) Provision for taxation [note 3.9] and
- (iv) Provisions [note 4.10].

3. SUMMARY SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set-out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

3.1 Operating fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is charged to income by applying reducing balance method at the rates specified in note 4. Depreciation on additions to fixed assets is charged from the month in which an asset is available for use while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off.

Normal repairs and replacements are taken to statement of profit or loss. Major improvements and modifications are capitalised and assets replaced, if any, other than those kept as standby, are retired.

Gain / loss on disposal of fixed assets, if any, is taken to statement of profit or loss.

3.2 Intangible assets

Trading Right Entitlement Certificate

In the absence of active market price, Trading Right Entitlement Certificate has been carried at the same value that was determined when the membership card of Lahore Stock Exchange Limited was swapped under the Stock Exchanges (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration) Act, 2012 with the shares of Lahore Stock Exchange Limited and Trading Right Entitlement Certificate after changing of impairment, if required (note 5.1).

3.3 Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Initial recognition and measurement of financial assets

All financial assets are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss.

Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value for financial instruments quoted in an active market, the fair value corresponds to a market price (level 1).

For financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market, the fair value is determined using valuation techniques including reference to recent arm's length market transactions or transactions involving financial instruments which are substantially the same (level 2), or discounted cash flow analysis including, to the greatest possible extent, assumptions consistent with observable market data (level 3).

- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVTOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Reclassification of fair value gains and losses to unappropriated profits shall be made with in statement of changes in equity.

- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Changes in the fair value of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in other income in the statement of profit or loss as applicable.

Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

3.4 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities at amortized costs are initially measured at fair value minus transaction costs. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or

3.5 Impairment of financial assets

The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Further, applying the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and other receivables. Impairment losses related to trade and other receivables, are presented separately in the statement of profit or loss. Trade and other receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Management used actual credit loss experience over past years to base the calculation of ECL.

3.6 Due from clients and other receivables

These are initially recognised at original invoice amount, which is the fair value of consideration to be received in future and subsequently measured at cost less provision for doubtful debts, if any.

3.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the reporting date. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash-in-hand and balances with banks.

3.8 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

3.9 Taxation

(a) Current and prior year

Provision for current year's taxation is determined in accordance with the prevailing law of taxation on income enacted or substantially enacted by reporting date and is based on current rates of taxation being applied on the taxable income for the year, after taking into account, tax credits and rebates available, if any. The tax charge also includes adjustments, where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments finalised during the year.

(b) Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the statement of financial position liability method on all temporary differences arising between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts appearing in the financial statements. Deferred tax liability is recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that temporary differences will reverse in the future and taxable income will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax asset and liability is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

4.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.11 Borrowings and borrowing costs

All borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to income in the period in which these are incurred.

4.12 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable on the following basis:

- brokerage income is accounted for on 'accrual basis'.
- capital gains and losses on sale of investments are recorded on the date of sale.
- dividend income is accounted for when the right of receipt is established.

4.13 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and derecognised when the Company loses control of contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in the case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is included in the statement of profit or loss for the year.

Financial instruments carried on the statement of financial position include deposits, due from clients, advances, investments, bank balances, trade and other payable and accrued mark-up. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value or cost as the case may be. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

4.14 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4. **OPERATING FIXED ASSETS** - tangible

| At July 1, 2019 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 53,713 Net book value 7,387 Year ended June 30, 2020 7,387 Opening net book value 7,387 Additions - Depreciation charge 1,108 Closing net book value 6,279 At June 30, 2020 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 81,300 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 1,305,535 457,733 2,800 68,975 391,558 1,766,068 1,374,510 | 1,824,368 1,359,248 465,120 2,800 70,083 397,837 1,827,168 1,429,331 397,837 |
|---|--|--|
| Cost 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 53,713 Net book value 7,387 Year ended June 30, 2020 7,387 Opening net book value 7,387 Additions - Depreciation charge 1,108 Closing net book value 6,279 At June 30, 2020 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 6,279 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 81,300 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 1,305,535 457,733 2,800 68,975 391,558 1,766,068 1,374,510 | 1,359,248 465,120 2,800 70,083 397,837 1,827,168 1,429,331 |
| Accumulated depreciation 53,713 Net book value 7,387 Year ended June 30, 2020 7,387 Opening net book value 7,387 Additions - Depreciation charge 1,108 Closing net book value 6,279 At June 30, 2020 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 6,279 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 81,300 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 1,305,535 457,733 2,800 68,975 391,558 1,766,068 1,374,510 | 1,359,248 465,120 2,800 70,083 397,837 1,827,168 1,429,331 |
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| Year ended June 30, 2020 Opening net book value 7,387 Additions - Depreciation charge 1,108 Closing net book value 6,279 At June 30, 2020 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 9 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 81,300 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 457,733 2,800 68,975 391,558 1,766,068 1,374,510 | 465,120 2,800 70,083 397,837 1,827,168 1,429,331 |
| Opening net book value 7,387 Additions - Depreciation charge 1,108 Closing net book value 6,279 At June 30, 2020 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 6,279 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 2,800 68,975 391,558 1,766,068 1,374,510 | 2,800 70,083 397,837 1,827,168 1,429,331 |
| Additions - Depreciation charge 1,108 Closing net book value 6,279 At June 30, 2020 61,100 Cost 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 81,300 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 2,800 68,975 391,558 1,766,068 1,374,510 | 2,800 70,083 397,837 1,827,168 1,429,331 |
| Depreciation charge 1,108 Closing net book value 6,279 At June 30, 2020 61,100 Cost 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 70 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 81,300 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 68,975 391,558 1,766,068 1,374,510 | 70,083 397,837 1,827,168 1,429,331 |
| Closing net book value 6,279 At June 30, 2020 Cost 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 391,558 1,766,068 1,374,510 | 1,827,168 1,429,331 |
| At June 30, 2020 Cost 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 1,766,068 1,374,510 | 1,827,168 1,429,331 |
| Cost 61,100 Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 1,374,510 | 1,429,331 |
| Accumulated depreciation 54,821 Net book value 6,279 Year ended June 30, 2021 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 1,374,510 | 1,429,331 |
| Net book value6,279Year ended June 30, 20216,279Opening net book value6,279Additions20,200Depreciation charge1,921Closing net book value24,558At June 30, 202181,300Cost81,300Accumulated depreciation56,742 | | - |
| Year ended June 30, 2021 Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 391.558 | 397,837 |
| Opening net book value 6,279 Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | | |
| Additions 20,200 Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | | v |
| Depreciation charge 1,921 Closing net book value 24,558 At June 30, 2021 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 391,558 | 397,837 |
| Closing net book value At June 30, 2021 Cost Accumulated depreciation 24,558 81,300 56,742 | 63,571 | 83,771 |
| At June 30, 2021 Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 65,514 | 67,435 |
| Cost 81,300 Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | 389,615 | 414,173 |
| Accumulated depreciation 56,742 | | |
| ' | 1,829,639 | 1,910,939 |
| | 1,440,024 | 1,496,766 |
| Net book value 24,558 | 389,615 | 414,173 |
| Annual depreciation rate (%) | 15 | - |
| 5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS No | 2021 te Rı | 2020 |
| Trading Right Entitlement Certificate - PSX 5. | | • |
| | . 5,500,500 | |
| Room at LSE building | 4 600 00 | 0 4,600,000 |
| | 4,600,000 | |

5.1 In accordance with the requirements of the Stock Exchanges (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration) Act, 2012 (the Act), the Company received Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) and equity shares of LSE Financial Services Ltd. (formerly Lahore Stock Exchange Ltd.) in lieu of its membership card of Lahore Stock Exchange Ltd. The Company's entitlement in respect of shares of LSE Financial Services Ltd. was determined on the basis of the valuation of assets and liabilities of Lahore Stock Exchange Ltd. as approved by the SECP. The Company has been allotted with 843,975 shares of LSE Financial Services Ltd., having face value of Rs.10 each.

5.2 As at June 30, 2013 the active market value of TREC and equity shares of LSE Financial Services Ltd. was not available. The allocation of the carrying amount of membership card to the composite assets i.e. TREC and equity shares was made on proportionate basis at ratio of 32:68 which was determined on the basis of fair value estimate of LSE Financial Services Ltd.

| 6. | LONG TERM INVESTMENT | 2021 | 2020 |
|----|--|------------|------------|
| | at fair value through other comprehensive income | Rupe | es |
| | LSE Financial Services Ltd. | | |
| | 843,975 ordinary shares of Rs.10 each | 14,887,719 | 14,887,719 |
| | Adjustment on remeasurement to fair value | 4,785,338 | 4,194,555 |
| | | 19,673,057 | 19,082,274 |
| | | | |

Shares have been valued on the basis of latest available net asset value per share of Rs. 23.31 (2020: Rs.22.61). This value was determined by management of the LSE Financial Services Ltd. and circulated vide their notice no.9923 dated March 30, 2021.

| 7. | SECURITY DEPOSITS | 2021 | 2020 |
|----|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Rup | ees |
| | Deposits with: | | |
| | National Clearing Company of Pakistan | 1,400,000 | 1,400,000 |
| | Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Ltd. | 750,000 | 750,000 |
| * | | 2,150,000 | 2,150,000 |

8. SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS - at FVTOCI

| No. of shares | | | - Marke | t value |
|---------------|----------|--|-----------|-----------|
| June 30, | June 30, | Name of the Company | June 30, | June 30, |
| 2021 | 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | Rup | ees |
| - | 599 | Adamjee Insurance Company Ltd. | - | 19,833 |
| 8,166 | 8,166 | Askari Bank Ltd. | 185,613 | 111,956 |
| 440 | 440 | Aisha Steel Mills Ltd. | 10,960 | 4,052 |
| 2,202 | 2,202 | Aisha Steel Mills Ltd. Preference | 77,290 | 45,097 |
| 318 | 318 | Attock Refinery Ltd. | 81,551 | 28,404 |
| 500 | 500 | Al-Azhar Textile Mills Ltd Freeze | | - |
| - | 2,209 | Bank Alfalah Ltd. | - | 74,156 |
| - | 592 | Bank Al Habib Ltd. | - | 30,962 |
| - | 316 | The Bank Of Punjab | - | 2,654 |
| 5,100 | 5,100 | Byco Petroleum Pakistan Ltd. | 59,211 | 30,702 |
| 2,350 | 2,350 | Capital Assets Leasing Corporation Ltd. | 47,494 | 11,750 |
| 234 | 234 | | 2,340 | 2,340 |
| | 612 | Crescent Steel & Allied Products Ltd. | • | 27,846 |
| - | 350 | The second secon | - | 30,510 |
| 5,000 | 55,000 | Dewan Cement Ltd. | 56,300 | 427,900 |
| 50,000 | 50,000 | Dewan Farooq Motor Ltd. | 525,000 | 260,000 |
| ₩11 | 342 | D.G. Khan Cement Company Ltd. | - | 29,183 |
| 4,013 | 4,013 | Dewan Salman Fibre Ltd. | - | - |
| - | 287 | Efu Life Assurance Ltd. | - | 60,393 |
| 1,100 | 1,100 | First Tri-Star Modaraba | 13,145 | 8,800 |
| | 25,000 | Fauji Foods Ltd. | - | 236,250 |
| - | 25,000 | Flying Cememt Company Ltd. | - | 226,250 |
| 1,330 | 1,330 | Genertech Pakistan Ltd Freeze | € | - |
| 1,267 | 1,152 | Highnoon Laboratories Pakistan Ltd. | 760,200 | 577,475 |
| 342 | 342 | IGI Holding Ltd.(prev IGI Insurance Ltd.) | 66,198 | 61,888 |
| 13 | 13 | Innovative Investment Bank Ltd Freeze | = | |
| 82,375 | 187,567 | Carry forward | 1,885,302 | 2,308,401 |
| | | | | |

| Number of shress | 2021 | 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-----------|---------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| 1,500 1,500 Jahangir Siddiqui & Company Ltd. 33,840 17,700 211 211 211 JS Large Cap. Fund 22,256 22,256 - 466 K-Electric Ltd. - 1,403 - 109 KSB Pumps Company Ltd. - 15,697 - 584 Lotte Chemical Pakistan Ltd. - 5,811 2,936 2,936 Maple Leaf Cement Factory Ltd. 137,933 76,277 308 247 National Bank of Pakistan Ltd. - 13,825 20,000 20,000 Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked - 13,825 20,000 20,000 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakiistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 <t< th=""><th>Number of</th><th>shares</th><th></th><th>Rup</th><th>ees</th></t<> | Number of | shares | | Rup | ees |
| 211 211 JS Large Cap. Fund 22,256 - 466 K-Electric Ltd. - 1,403 - 109 KSB Pumps Company Ltd. - 15,697 - 584 Lotte Chemical Pakistan Ltd. - 5,811 2,936 2,936 Maple Leaf Cement Factory Ltd. 137,933 76,277 308 247 National Bank of Pakistan Ltd. - 13,825 20,000 20,000 Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked - - 2,511 2,511 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 | 82,375 | 187,567 | Brought forward | 1,885,302 | 2,308,401 |
| - 466 K-Electric Ltd. - 1,403 - 109 KSB Pumps Company Ltd. - 15,697 - 584 Lotte Chemical Pakistan Ltd. - 5,811 2,936 2,936 Maple Leaf Cement Factory Ltd. 137,933 76,277 308 247 National Foods Ltd. 70,538 61,861 - 500 National Bank of Pakistan Ltd. - 13,825 20,000 20,000 Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked - - 2,511 2,511 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 2,361 2,301 Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,571 2,871 2,302 Pakistan Beach Ltd | 1,500 | 1,500 | Jahangir Siddiqui & Company Ltd. | 33,840 | 17,700 |
| - 109 KSB Pumps Company Ltd. - 15,697 - 584 Lotte Chemical Pakistan Ltd. - 5,811 2,936 2,936 Maple Leaf Cement Factory Ltd. 137,933 76,277 308 247 National Foods Ltd. 70,538 61,861 - 500 National Bank of Pakistan Ltd. - 13,825 20,000 20,000 Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked - - 2,511 2,511 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. <th>211</th> <th>211</th> <th>JS Large Cap. Fund</th> <th>22,256</th> <th>22,256</th> | 211 | 211 | JS Large Cap. Fund | 22,256 | 22,256 |
| - 584 Lotte Chemical Pakistan Ltd. - 5,811 2,936 2,936 Maple Leaf Cement Factory Ltd. 137,933 76,277 308 247 National Foods Ltd. 70,538 61,861 - 500 National Bank of Pakistan Ltd. - 13,825 20,000 20,000 Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked - - 2,511 2,511 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 2,37 Poincer Cement Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 2,303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Charte | - | 466 | K-Electric Ltd. | - | 1,403 |
| 2,936 2,936 Maple Leaf Cement Factory Ltd. 137,933 76,277 308 247 National Foods Ltd. 70,538 61,861 - 500 National Bank of Pakistan Ltd. - 13,825 20,000 20,000 Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked - - 2,511 2,511 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 2,361 HBL Investment Fund Class B 24,000 23,600 23,600 23,600 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 1,100 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. 112,576 92,443 | - | 109 | KSB Pumps Company Ltd. | - | 15,697 |
| 308 247 National Foods Ltd. 70,538 61,861 - 500 National Bank of Pakistan Ltd. - 13,825 20,000 20,000 Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked - - 2,511 2,511 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Se | - | 584 | Lotte Chemical Pakistan Ltd. | - | 5,811 |
| - 500 National Bank of Pakistan Ltd. - 13,825 20,000 20,000 Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked - - 2,511 2,511 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 2,591 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 < | 2,936 | 2,936 | Maple Leaf Cement Factory Ltd. | 137,933 | 76,277 |
| 20,000 20,000 Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked - - 2,511 2,511 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shiffa International Hospital Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 | 308 | 247 | National Foods Ltd. | 70,538 | 61,861 |
| 2,511 2,511 Pak Elektron Ltd. 88,036 57,577 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 58,400 1,090 | - | 500 | National Bank of Pakistan Ltd. | - | 13,825 |
| 605 550 Pak Datacom Ltd. 42,314 26,758 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 2,246 2,24 | 20,000 | 20,000 | Noorie Textile Mill Ltd revoked | -9 | - |
| 243 243 Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. 85,779 35,527 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - | 2,511 | 2,511 | Pak Elektron Ltd. | 88,036 | 57,577 |
| 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class A 7,316 6,325 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifs International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - | 605 | 550 | Pak Datacom Ltd. | 42,314 | 26,758 |
| 2,360 2,360 HBL Investment Fund Class B 23,600 23,600 - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 5,500 | 243 | 243 | Pakistan Engineering Company Ltd. | 85,779 | |
| - 247 Pioneer Cement Ltd. - 15,571 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 <td< th=""><th>2,360</th><th>2,360</th><th>HBL Investment Fund Class A</th><th>7,316</th><th></th></td<> | 2,360 | 2,360 | HBL Investment Fund Class A | 7,316 | |
| 2,871 2,300 Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. 249,289 199,594 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,63 | 2,360 | 2,360 | HBL Investment Fund Class B | 23,600 | 23,600 |
| 110 110 MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund 1,100 1,100 - 303 Samba Bank Ltd. - 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 Tri-St | - | 247 | Pioneer Cement Ltd. | - | |
| - 303 Samba Bank Ltd 2,366 - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - | 2,871 | 2,300 | Pakistan Petroleum Ltd. | 249,289 | |
| - 2,592 Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. - 71,384 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 2 Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000< | 110 | | | 1,100 | |
| 464 464 The Searle Company Ltd. 112,576 92,443 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - - 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 2 eal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - <t< th=""><th>-</th><th>303</th><th>Samba Bank Ltd.</th><th>-</th><th></th></t<> | - | 303 | Samba Bank Ltd. | - | |
| 5,500 5,500 Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze - | - | 2,592 | Standard Chartered Bank Pak Ltd. | w. - | |
| 2,500 2,500 Shifa International Hospital Ltd. 547,875 583,400 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | 464 | 464 | | 112,576 | 92,443 |
| 1,000 1,000 Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze 180 - 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | 5,500 | 5,500 | Southern Electric Power Company Ltd Freeze | 7- | - |
| 10,198 10,198 Silk Bank Ltd. 20,498 8,566 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | 2,500 | 2,500 | Shifa International Hospital Ltd. | 1.50 | 583,400 |
| 2,246 2,246 Soneri Bank Ltd. 22,011 24,931 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | 1,000 | 1,000 | Shahpur Textile Mills Ltd Freeze | | - |
| 643 643 Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Ltd. 31,237 35,108 - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | 10,198 | 10,198 | | | |
| - 100,000 Saudi Pak Leasing Co. Ltd. - 59,000 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | | , | | | |
| 500 500 Sargodha Spinning Mills Ltd. 20,165 20,165 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | 643 | | • | 31,237 | |
| 2,636 2,636 Tri-Star Polyester Ltd. 70,513 18,478 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | - | | | - | |
| 5,500 5,500 Tri-Star Power Ltd. 37,785 14,795 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | | | | 350 | |
| 100,000 100,000 World Call Telecom Ltd. 396,000 87,000 1,900 1,900 Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze - - 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | 2,636 | | | 85 | |
| 1,9001,900Zeal Pak Cement Factory Ltd Freeze50,000-Ghani Automobile Industries Limited453,500-2,000-Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd.23,680- | | | | | |
| 50,000 - Ghani Automobile Industries Limited 453,500 - 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | | | | 396,000 | 87,000 |
| 2,000 - Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. 23,680 - | 1,900 | 1,900 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | . • | - |
| | 50,000 | - | Ghani Automobile Industries Limited | | - |
| 303,477 460,783 4,383,323 3,906,918 | 2,000 | - | Pakistan Telecommunication Company Ltd. | 23,680 | |
| | 303,477 | 460,783 | : | 4,383,323 | 3,906,918 |

As at June 30, 2021, shares having value of Rs. 2.203 million (2020: Rs.4.445 million) are 8.1 pledged with National Clearing Company of Pakistan as margin against trading.

| 9. | DUE FROM CLIENTS - Unsecured | | 2021 | 2020 |
|----|--------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Note | Rupe | ees |
| | Considered good | 9.1 | 26,675,973 | 12,812,003 |
| , | Less: provision for impairment | | (3,155,880) | (2,893,269) |
| | | _ | 23,520,093 | 9,918,734 |

| | | <u> </u> | 9,910,734 |
|-----|--|------------------|-----------|
| 9.1 | These mainly include Rs.19.650 million (2020:Rs.6.532 million) r | eceivable from N | CCPL. |
| 10. | ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | Rupe | es |
| | Advances to staff | 475,850 | 604,600 |
| | Other receivables | • . | 50,600 |
| | | 475,850 | 655,200 |

Running finance - secured

10,323,232

| 11. | CASH AND BANK BALANCES | | 2021 | 2020 |
|------|--|------|------------------|----------------|
| | | Note | Rup | ees |
| · | Cash in hand | | 49,127 | 3,102 |
| | Cash at banks | | | |
| | - client accounts | | 49,681,997 | 95,243,184 |
| | - house accounts | | 57,041 | 3,403,414 |
| | | _ | 49,788,165 | 98,649,700 |
| 12. | TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES | _ | | |
| | Trade creditors | 12.1 | 61,238,851 | 97,784,319 |
| | Accrued expenses | | 531,831 | 295,782 |
| | | _ | 61,770,682 | 98,080,101 |
| 12.1 | These include an amount of Rs.37.399 thousand (20 Ammar UI Haq (Director), against his normal trading active | | 2.688 million) p | payable to Mr. |
| 13. | SHORT TERM FINANCE | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | Rup | ees |

13.1 Short term running finance facility available from various commercial banks under mark-up arrangements aggregate Rs.70 million (2020: Rs 70 million). This finance facility, during the current financial year, carried mark-up at the rates ranging from 7% to 11.59% (2020:7.11% to 18.86%) per annum. This facility is secured against personal guarantee of all Directors, hypothecation charge over current assets of the Company, mortgage of property owned by Ammar ul Haq and Asnan ul Haq (Directors) and lien over personal bank account of Ammar ul Haq (Director) amounting to Rs.34 million and 100% cash margin in shape of lien over deposit.

| 14. TAXATION - net | TAXATION - net | | |
|---|----------------|-----------|-------------|
| Opening balance | 5 . | 123,696 | 2,384,142 |
| Add: provision made during the year for | | | |
| - current | | 266,073 | 123,696 |
| - prior year | | 168,661 | (2,132,938) |
| | | 434,734 | (2,009,242) |
| Less: adjusted against completed asses | sment | (292,357) | (251,204) |
| Closing balance | | 266,073 | 123,696 |

- **14.1** Provision for current year includes mainly tax on dividend income and commission income under section 150 and 233 respectively of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- 14.2 Income tax assessments of the Company have been finalised by the Income Tax Department or deemed to be assessed under section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 upto the year ended June 30, 2020.

15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Guarantee amounting Rs.5.000 million (2020: Rs.5.000 million) have been issued by bank of the Company to National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited.

| 16. | OPERATING REVENUE | Note | 2021 Rupe | 2020 ees |
|-----|---|------|--------------|-------------|
| | Brokerage income: | | | |
| | - retail customers | | 11,610,735 | 4,811,992 |
| | - proprietary trade | | 336,916 | 351,002 |
| | | • | 11,947,651 | 5,162,994 |
| | Dividend income | | 674,345 | 824,641 |
| | | | 12,621,996 | 5,987,635 |
| 17. | OTHER INCOME | | | |
| | Profit on deposit account | | 3,685,158 | 6,081,092 |
| 18. | ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATING EXPENSES | | | |
| | Salaries and benefits | | 3,536,212 | 3,402,416 |
| | Director's remuneration | | 2,400,000 | 2,320,000 |
| | Fees and subscription | | 226,075 | 197,665 |
| | Travelling and conveyance | | 685,279 | 114,945 |
| | Auditors' remuneration | | | |
| | - statutory audit fee | | 90,750 | 139,800 |
| | other certification charges | | 85,000 | 49,050 |
| | | | 175,750 | 188,850 |
| | Printing and stationery | | 105,485 | 165,822 |
| * | Repair and maintenance | | 121,510 | 108,562 |
| | Entertainment | | 947,602 | 982,248 |
| | Postage and communication | | 580,071 | 493,484 |
| | Electricity | | 475,704 | 465,425 |
| | News paper & periodicals | | 10,320 | 17,226 |
| | LSE charges | | 1,713,068 | 105,979 |
| | CDC & clearing house charges | | 730,287 | 473,721 |
| | Depreciation | 4 | 67,435 | 70,083 |
| | Legal & professional charges | | 153,913 | 136,724 |
| | Donations - without director's interest | | 44,000 | 21,400 |
| | Receivable balance written-off | | - | 63,500 |
| | Provision for impairment in trade debts | | 262,611 | 529,985 |
| * | Others | | 1,048,525 | 839,756 |
| | | | 13,283,847 | 10,697,791 |
| 19. | FINANCIAL CHARGES | | | |
| | Mark-up on short term finance | | 1,287,857 | 508,248 |
| | Bank charges | | 91,983 | 80,455 |
| | | | 1,379,840 | 588,703 |
| 9 9 | | | | |

20. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The only transactions executed with the related parties are normal trading activity carried out by directors of the Company. Payable balances to one of the Company's director against his trading activity has been disclosed in note 12 to these financial statements.

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

21.1 Financial Risk Factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

Risk management is carried-out by the Company's finance department under policies approved by the board of directors. The Company's finance department evaluates financial risks based on principles for overall risk management as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity, provided by the board of directors.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three types of risks: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

(b) Currency risk

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into in foreign currencies. The Company activities at present does not expose to any currency risk.

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The Company activities at present only expose it to interest rate risk against short term borrowing.

(d) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instruments or its issuer or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Company's investment in shares of a quoted Company expose it to price risk due to change in the prices of shares of quoted company.

A change of 10% in the price of shares of quoted Companies at reporting date would have decreased loss before tax for the year by Rs.4.383 million (2020: Rs.3.907 million).

21.2 Credit risk exposure and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of a loss if the counter party fails to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties.

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

Credit risk primarily arises from due from clients, advances, investments and balances with banks. To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of due to clients, management performs credit reviews taking into account the customer's financial position, past experience and other relevant factors. Where considered necessary, advance payments are obtained from certain parties. Credit risk on bank balances is limited as the counter parties are banks with reasonably

Exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at June 30, 2021 along with comparative is tabulated below:

| | 2021 | 2020 | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | Rupees | | |
| Long term investment | 19,673,057 | 19,082,274 | |
| Security deposits | 2,150,000 | 2,150,000 | |
| Due from clients | 23,520,093 | 9,918,734 | |
| Short term investments | 4,383,323 | 3,906,918 | |
| Advances and other receivables | 475,850 | 655,200 | |
| Exposure deposits | 24,400,000 | 12,400,000 | |
| Cash and bank balances | 49,739,038 | 98,646,598 | |
| | 124,341,361 | 146,759,724 | |

21.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach is to ensure, as far as possible, to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and ensuring the availability of adequate credit facilities. The Company's treasury department aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

Financial liabilities in accordance with their contractual maturities are presented below:

| Particulars | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | Less than 1 year | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------------------|--|
| June 30, 2021 | | Rupees | | |
| Trade and other payables | 61,238,851 | 61,238,851 | 61,238,851 | |
| Accrued and other liabilities | 531,831 | 531,831 | 531,831 | |
| Short term finance and mark-up | 10,749,199 | 10,749,199 | 10,749,199 | |
| | 72,519,881 | 72,519,881 | 72,519,881 | |
| June 30, 2020 | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 97,784,319 | 97,784,319 | 97,784,319 | |
| Accrued and other liabilities | 295,782 | 295,782 | 295,782 | |
| Short term finance and mark-up | 13,716 | 13,716 | 13,716 | |
| | 98,093,817 | 98,093,817 | 98,093,817 | |

21.4 Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyzes financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities [Level 1].
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) [Level 2].
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) [Level 3].

The following table presents the Company's assets that are measured at fair value as at the

| | Level 1 | Level 3 | |
|------------------------|-----------|------------|--|
| | Rupees | | |
| June 30, 2021 | | | |
| Long term investment | - | 19,673,057 | |
| Short term investments | 4,383,323 | | |
| June 30, 2020 | | | |
| Long term investment | _ | 19,082,274 | |
| Short term investments | 3,906,918 | | |

21.5 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received upon sale of an asset or paid upon transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operation or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to measure the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

At June 30, 2021, the carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate to their fair values.

22. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders, benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its business.

The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders and / or issue new shares.

There was no change to the Company's approach to capital management during the year and the Company is not subject to any major externally imposed capital requirements.

23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT BY CATEGORY

| | | | 2021 | | | 2020 | | | |
|---|--|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| | | Amortised cost | At fair value through OCI | At fair value through PL | Total | Amortised cost | At fair value through OCI | At fair value through PL | Total |
| | inancial assets as per statement of financial position | | Rupe | es | | | Rupee | \$ | |
| L | ong term investment | • | 19,673,057 | | 19,673,057 | | 19,082,274 | | 19,082,274 |
| S | ecurity deposits | 2,150,000 | | | 2,150,000 | 2,150,000 | * | - | 2,150,000 |
| S | hort term investments | | | 4,383,323 | 4,383,323 | | | 3,906,918 | 3,906,918 |
| D | ue from clients | 26,675,973 | | | 26,675,973 | 12,812,003 | | | 12,812,003 |
| A | dvances and other receivables | 475,850 | | - | 475,850 | 655,200 | • s | . • | 655,200 |
| Е | xposure deposit | 24,400,000 | * | - | 24,400,000 | 12,400,000 | · | •0 | 12,400,000 |
| C | ash and bank balances | 49,788,165 | | | 49,788,165 | 98,649,700 | • . | * | 98,649,700 |
| | | 103,489,988 | 19,673,057 | 4,383,323 | 127,546,368 | 126,666,903 | 19,082,274 | 3,906,918 | 149,656,095 |

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities as per statement of financial position

Trade and other payables
Short term finance and Accrued mark-up

| 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|------------|
| Rupe | es |
| | |
| 61,770,682 | 98,080,101 |
| 10,749,199 | 13,716 |
| 72.519.881 | 98,093,817 |

24. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND A DIRECTOR

| Doutlandone | Chief Exec | utive | Directors | | |
|-------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Particulars | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | |
| | Rupees | | | | |
| Managerial remuneration | 1,200,000 | 1,160,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,160,000 | |
| No. of persons | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |

25. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total number of employees as at June 30, 2021 were 18 (2020: 17) and their average numbers during the year were 17 (2020: 17).

26. PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

As at June 30, 2021 following persons held more than 5% of the issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of the Company.

- Mr. Asnan UI Haq (Chief Executive)
- Mr. Ammar UI Haq (Director)

27. DATE OF AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were authorised for issue on of directors of the Company.

by the board

28. GENERAL

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged, wherever necessary, for the purposes of comparison; however, no material re-arrangements have been made in these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

SHC